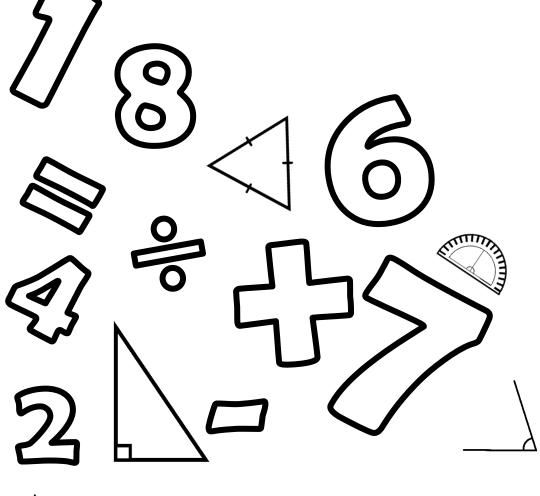
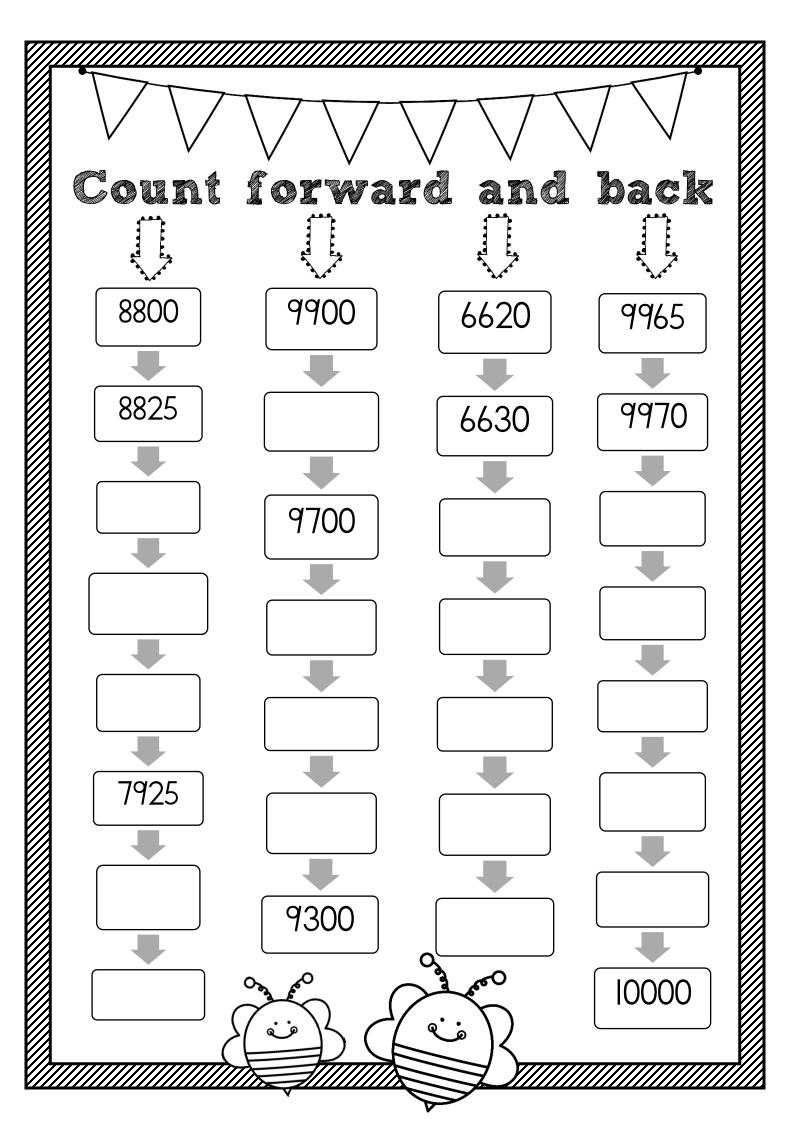
Nathematics Grade 4

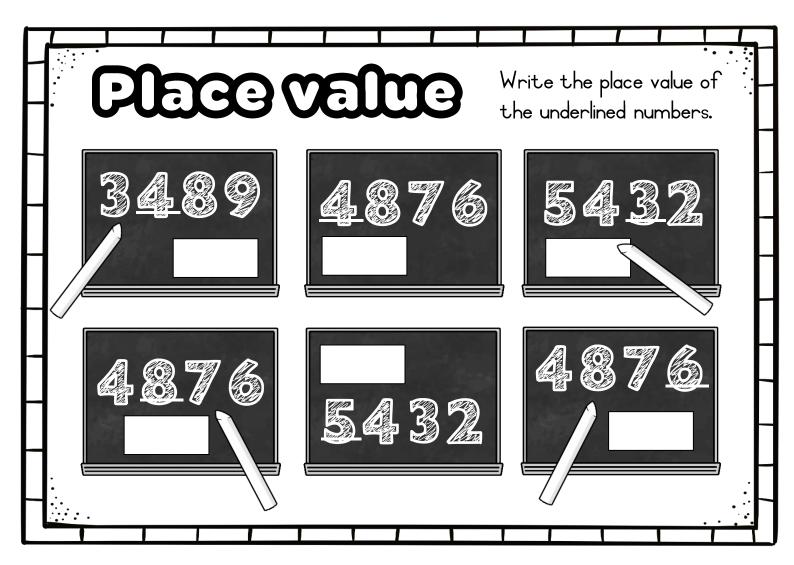


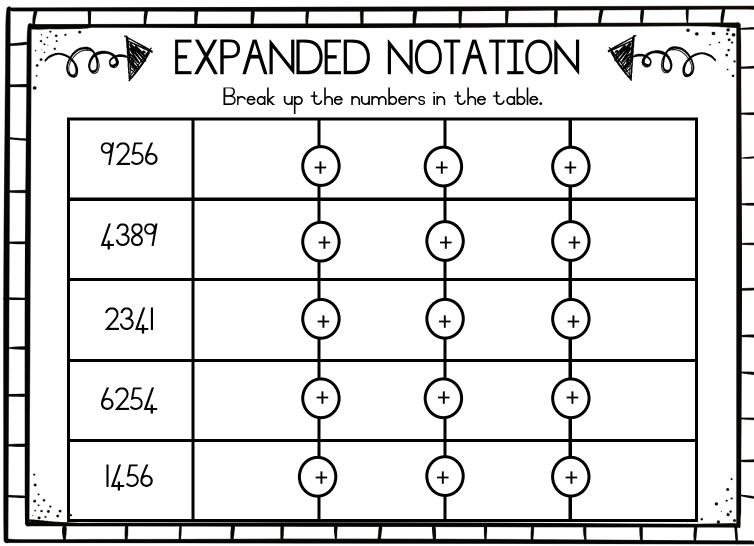
Name: ______

Class: ___

Teacher: ______

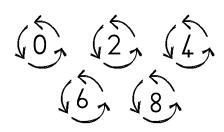




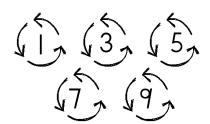


ODD and EVEN numbers





Odd numbers end on:



Color the EVEN numbers BLUE.

822 747

925 540

Color the ODD numbers PURPLE.

 540

 822

 23I

 I33

ROUND OFF

Round the following numbers off to the nearest 10, 100 and 1000.

Number	Ю	100	1000
8763			
6385			
3941			
9854			
4539			

LET'S ORDER



Order the numbers in the balloons from least to greatest.

Order the numbers in the balloons from greatest to least.

Fun with Sums

Break down method

Example:

$$= (200 + 400 + 400) + (80 + 90 + 40) + (9 + 2 + 7)$$

$$= (1 000) + (210) + (18)$$

$$= 1000 + 200 + (10 + 10) + 8$$

$$= 1000 + 200 + 20 + 8$$

= 1228

Compensation method

Example:

$$= 57 + 3 + 96 - 3$$

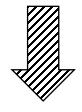
$$= 153$$



484 + 537 + 273

116 + 384 + 145

1453 + 543



26 + 95

25 + 15

17 + 45

DOUBLE AND MALF

Double the following numbers. Show your steps.

Example:

25: 25 + 25 = 50 of $25 \times 2 = 50$

50

15

30

24

Divide the numbers in half.

240

150

308

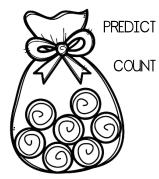
500

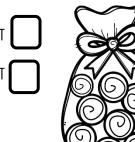
450

482

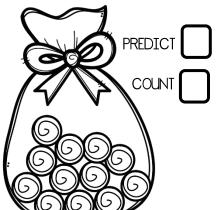
PREDICTION

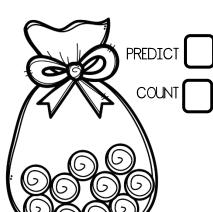
Predict how many sweets there is in each baq.

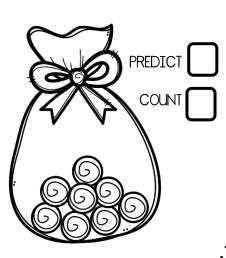




PREDICT COUNT







FACTORS AND MULTIPLES

Multiples are what we get after multiplying the number by an integer.

Example:

Multiples of 3 = 3; 6; 9; 12; 15; 18;

A factor is one of two or more numbers that divides a given number without a remainder.

Example:

Factors of 8 = 1; 2; 4; 8.

- I. Write down the first six multiples of 3?
- 2. Write down the first six multiples of 8?
- 3. Write down the multiples of 6 between 40 and 60.
- 4. Draw a circle around the multiples of 7.

28 36 49 56 22 63 4

- I. Write down the factors of 8.
- 2. Write down the factors of 12.
- 3. 1, 2, 5 and 10 are factors of ____
- 4. Draw a circle around the factors of 9.

6

8

(

4

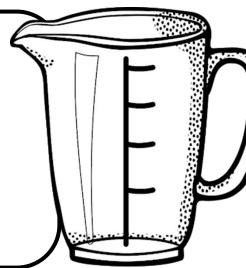
Capacity and Volume

CAPACITY

Capacity is how much liquid a 3-dimensional figure can hold.

VOLUME

Volume is the amount of space inside a solid figure.



I. If one tablespoon equals 15ml, how much will the following be?

Amount of tablespoons	Capacity (ml)
3	-
	30
6	
	60

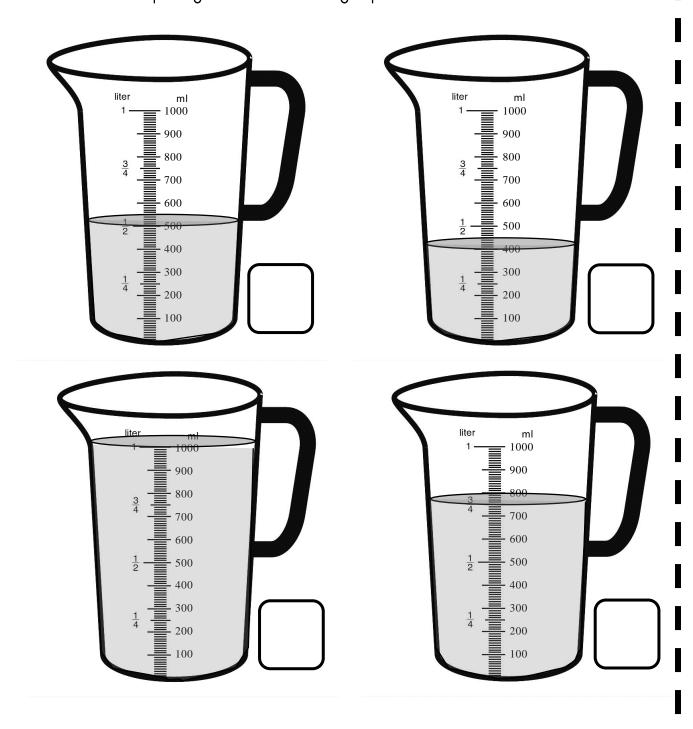
2. If one cup equals 250ml, how much will the following be?

Amount of cups	Capacity (ml)
2	
	750
5	
	1000

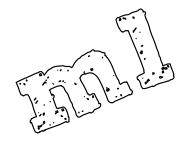
3.	Solve the problem.
	If one calf drinks 4 liters of milk per day, how many liters of
	milk will 86 calves drink?

Capacity and Volume

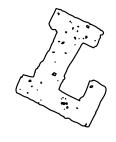
What is the capacity of each measuring cup? Write the answer in the blocks.



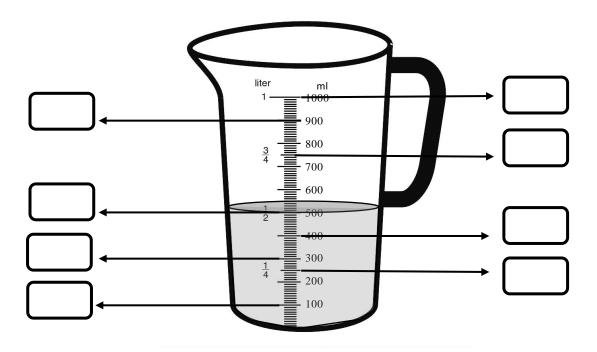
What is the volume of the measuring cups? _____







Write the capacity of each arrow in the blocks.

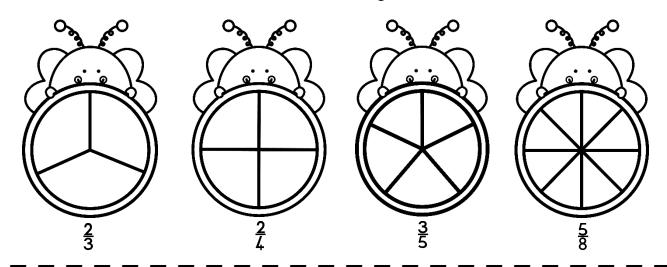


Fill in <, > or =

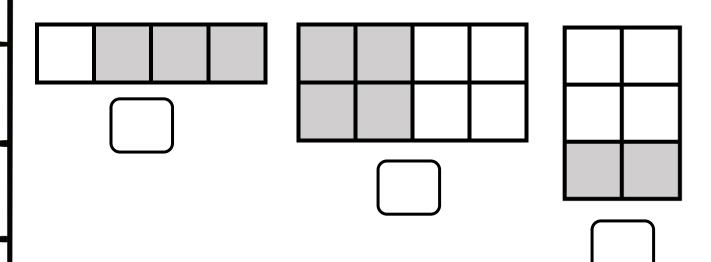
- I. 1000ml _____ I L
- 2. 4 cups _____ | L
- 3. 4 tablespoons _____ 60ml
- 4. IL _____ 2000ml
- 5. 2 teaspoons _____ |5m|
- 6. FL _____ 500ml
- 7. 3 tablespoons _____ 45ml
- 8. 45ml ____ 25ml
- 9. 10 cups _____ 4500ml

FRACTIONS

Color in the circles according to the fractions.



What fraction is colored in?



Write the fractions of the words.

- I. Two thirds: ____
- 2. Quarter: ____
- 3. Two fifths: ___
- 4. Half: ____

ADDITION OF FRACTIONS | SUBTRACTION OF FRACTIONS

Addition of fractions with the same numerator.

Example:

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{4}$$

$$=\frac{3}{L}$$

Calculate the following sums.

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
. $\frac{2}{5}$ + $\frac{1}{5}$

5.
$$\frac{2}{10} + \frac{1}{10} + \frac{3}{10}$$

6.
$$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4}$$

Subtraction of fractions with the same numerator.

Example:

$$\frac{5}{6} - \frac{4}{6}$$

$$=\frac{2}{6}$$

Calculate the following sums.

$$\frac{9}{10} - \frac{5}{10}$$

2.
$$\frac{7}{8} - \frac{3}{8}$$

3.
$$\frac{5}{7} - \frac{2}{7}$$

I. Ben has a block of chocolate which has 6 blocks. He has eaten 2 blocks. What fraction of the chocolate is left?

2. Carla ate b of a chocolate cake before dinner and another b after dinner.

a. What fraction of the chocolate cake did she eat altogether?

b. What fraction of the cake was left over?

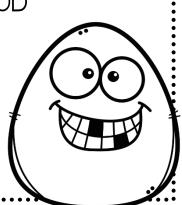
Multiplication

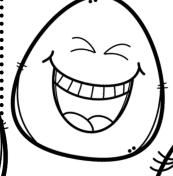
METHOD

EXAMPLE:

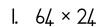
46 <u>X 32</u> 92

<u>+ 1380</u> 1 472





Use the method above to calculate the sums.



TRANSFORMATIONS

ROTATION

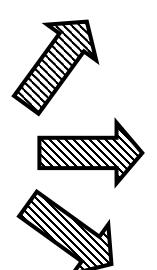
Rotation means the turning of a object around a center.

REFLECTION

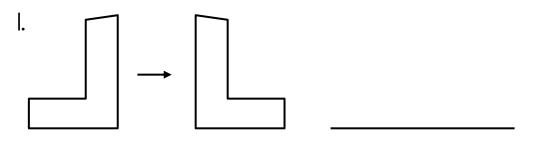
A reflection is a flip over a line. When you reflect a shape, you flip it across an imaginary 'mirror line.' It looks the exact same, except it is facing another direction.

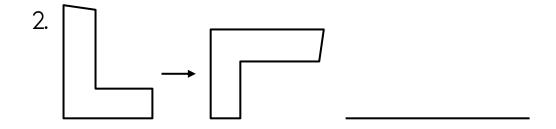
<u>TRANSLATION</u>

Translation simply means moving. Without rotating, resizing or anything else, just moving.

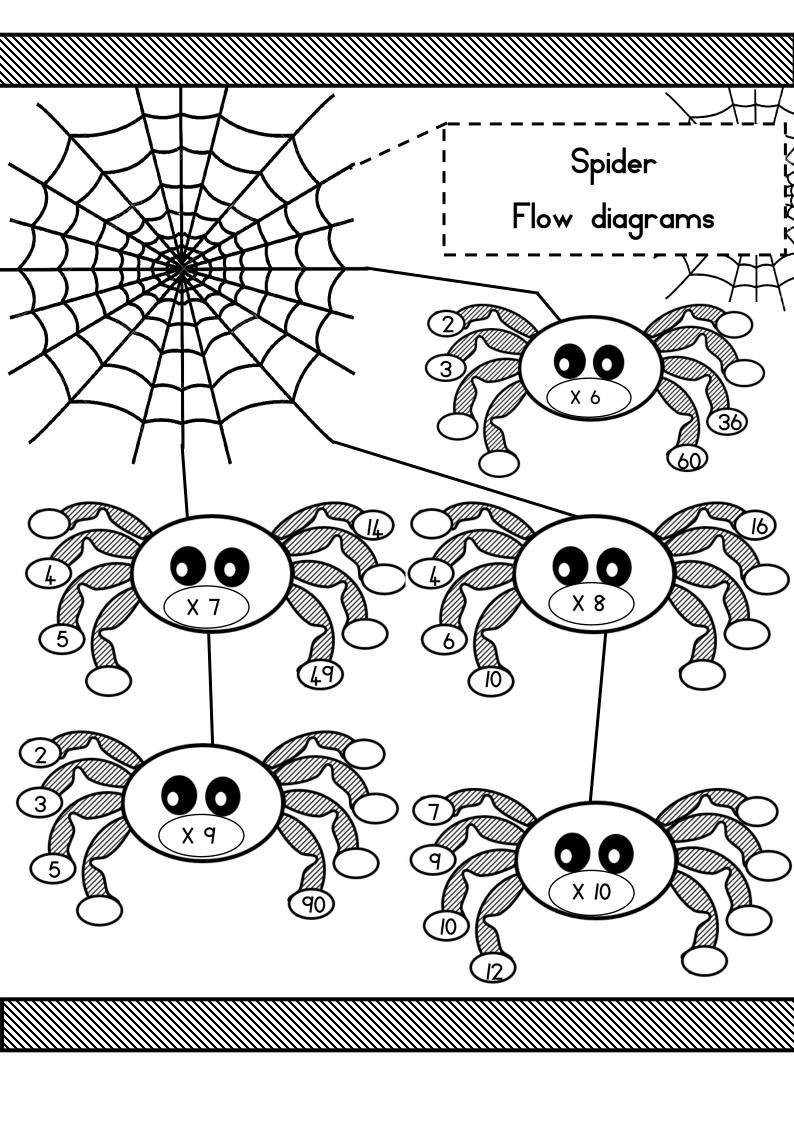


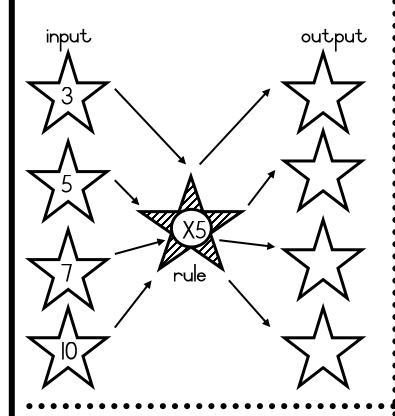
Is the following movements a reflection, rotation or translation?

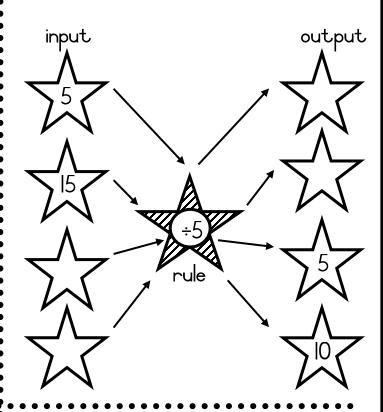


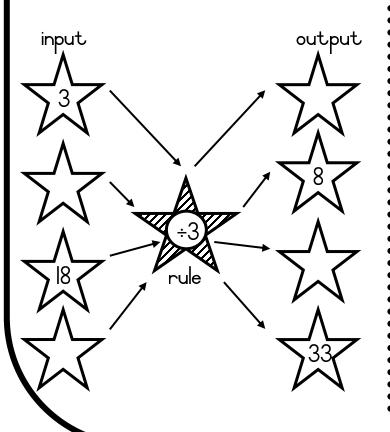


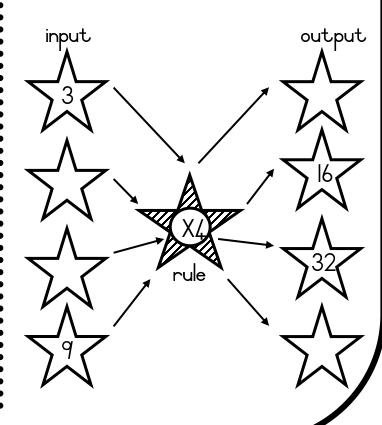
3.

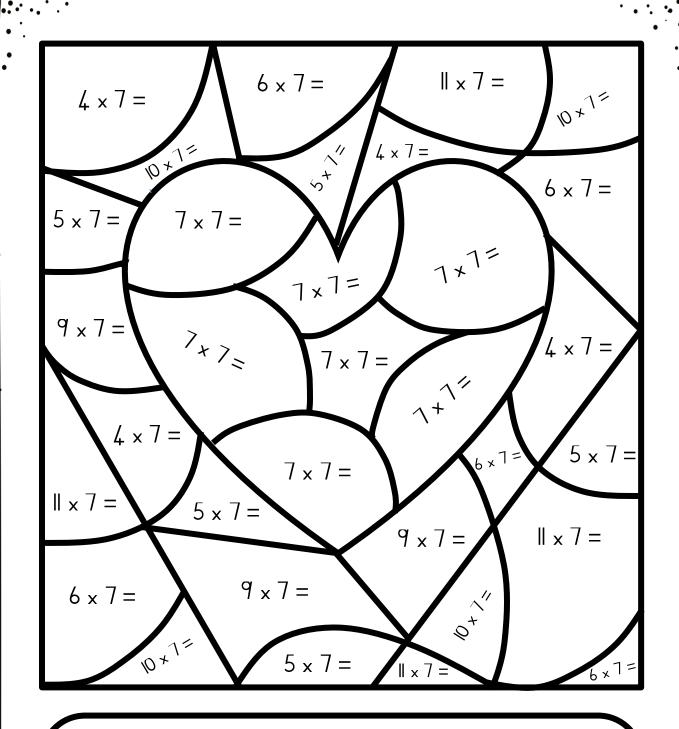












CODE

49 - red

28 - purple

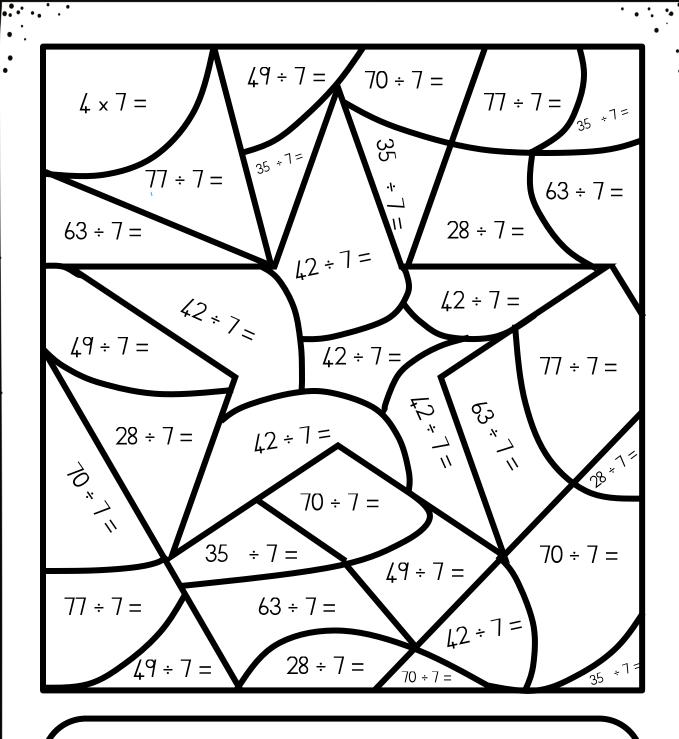
70 - pink

42 - yellow

63 - green

77 - blue

35 - orange



CODE

7 - red

4 - purple

10 - pink

6 - yellow

9 - green

II - blue

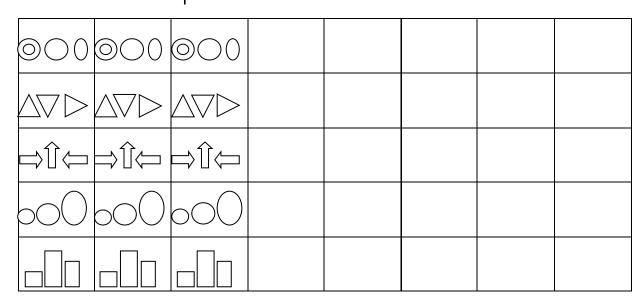
5 - orange

5 - skin color 10 - yellow 9 - purple 3 - brown ll - orange 4 - blue 6 - green 18 ÷ 6 = 30 ÷ 6 = 30 ÷ 6 = 30:61 36 ÷ 6 = 36 ÷ 6 = 36 ÷ 6 = .: 60. ÷ .6 =.

30 - skin color 60 - yellow 48 - orange 36 - purple 12 - pink 18 - blue 24 - green 6 x 5 = 4511 6 × 2 = 6 x 3 = 6 x 6 = 6 × 6 = 6 × 6 =

DIAGRAM PATTERNS

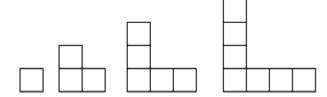
Draw the next 5 patterns in the table.



How many matches will there be in the 4th pattern? Draw the 4th pattern.



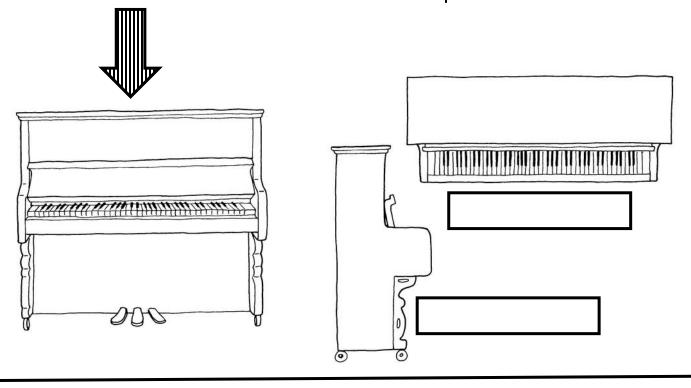
How many blocks will there be in the 4th pattern? Draw the 4th pattern.

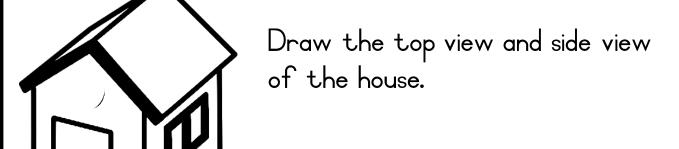


How many circles will there be in the 4th pattern? Draw the 4th pattern.



The front view of the piano is shown below. Name the top view and side view of the other two pictures in the blocks.





top view

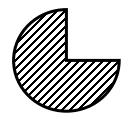
side view

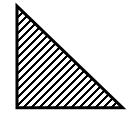
Complete the properties of the shapes in the table.

SHAPE	NAME	AMOUNT OF CORNERS	AMOUNT OF SIDES

20 SHAPES

Does the following shapes have a curved, straight OR curved and straight side? Color in the answer.

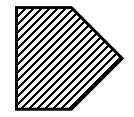


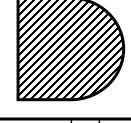


curved sides
straight sides
straight and curved
sides

curved sides
straight sides
straight and curved
sides

curved sides
straight sides
straight and curved
sides





curved sides
straight sides
straight and curved
sides

curved sides
straight sides
straight and curved
sides

curved sides
straight sides
straight and curved
sides

Draw a shape with straight sides.

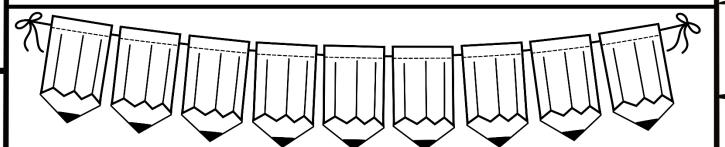
Draw a shape with curved sides.

Regular polygon

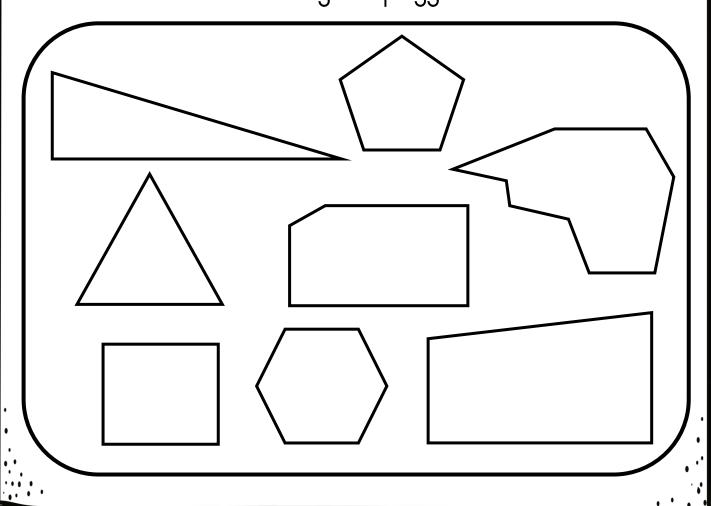
A regular polygon has sides of the same length.

Irregular polygon

A irregular polygon has sides of different lengths.

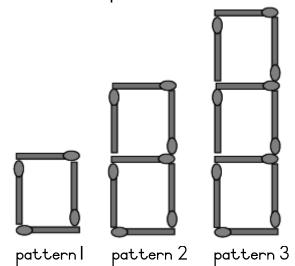


Color all the regular polygons RED. Color all the irregular polygons BLUE.



Comerce Passerms

I. Look at the patterns below and complete the table.



Pattern	I	2	3	4	5	6
Amount of matches	4	7	10			

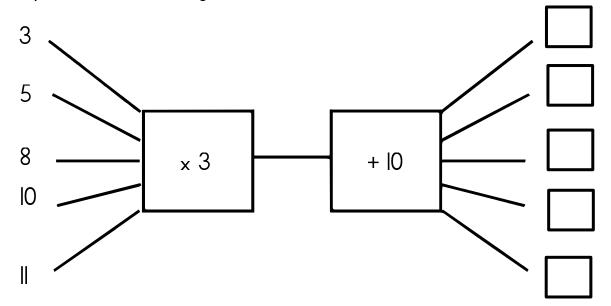
2. Complete the following patterns:

a. l; 2; 4; 7; _____; _____; _____

b. l; 6; ll; ______; _____;

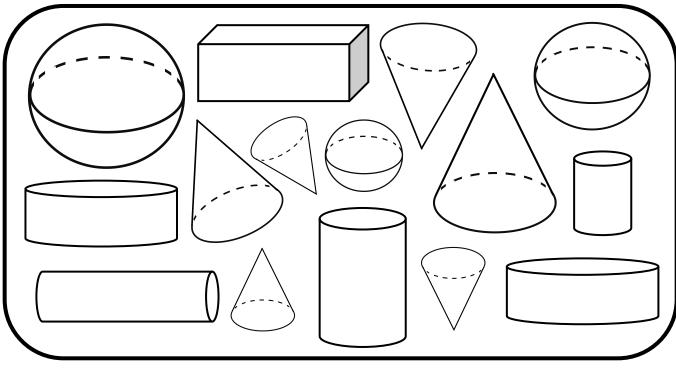
c. l; 4; 7; l0; _____; ____; ____

3. Complete the flow diagrams.



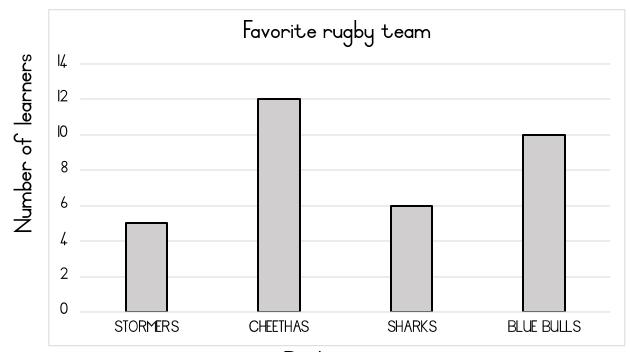


Make a bar graph by counting the shapes and then coloring the blocks. Remember the headings of your graph.



)					
7					
3					
7					
6					
5					
,					
4					
3					
2					
1					

The graph below shows which rugby team the learners support. There is 33 learners.



Rugby team

Complete the tally table.

RUGBY TEAM	TALLY	NUMBER
Stormers		
Cheethas		
Sharks		
Blue bulls		

- I. Which team does the learners support the most? _____
- 2. Which team does the learners support the least? _____