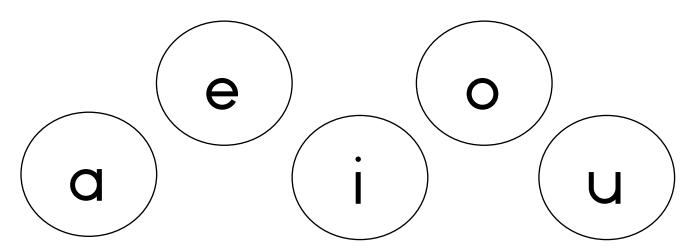


Index

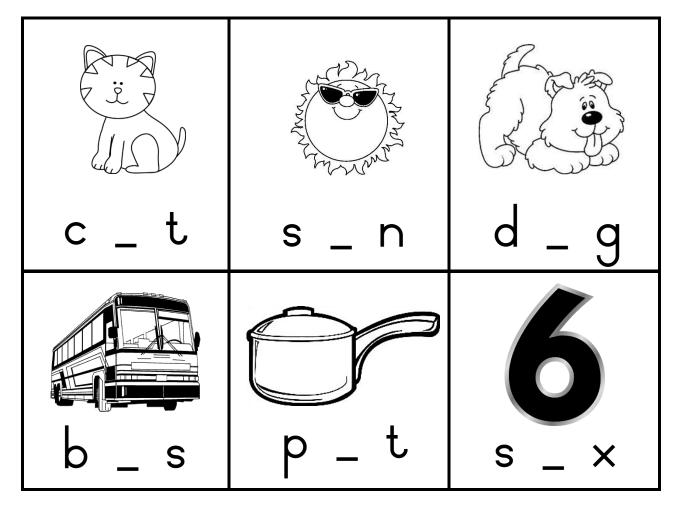
Vowels	3
Capital letters	5-7
Punctuation	8-10
Negative sentences	11-12
Fantastic sentences	13
My sentences	14
Nouns	15-16
Adjectives	17-18
Verbs	19-20
Pronouns	21-22
Rhyming words	23-24
Plurals	25-26
Opposites	27
Synonyms and Antonyms	28-30
Past Tense	31
Present Tense	32
Future Tense	33
Worksheets Past and future	34
Abbreviations	35-36
Syllables	37-38
Degrees of comparison	39-40

2

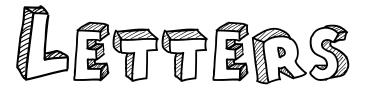




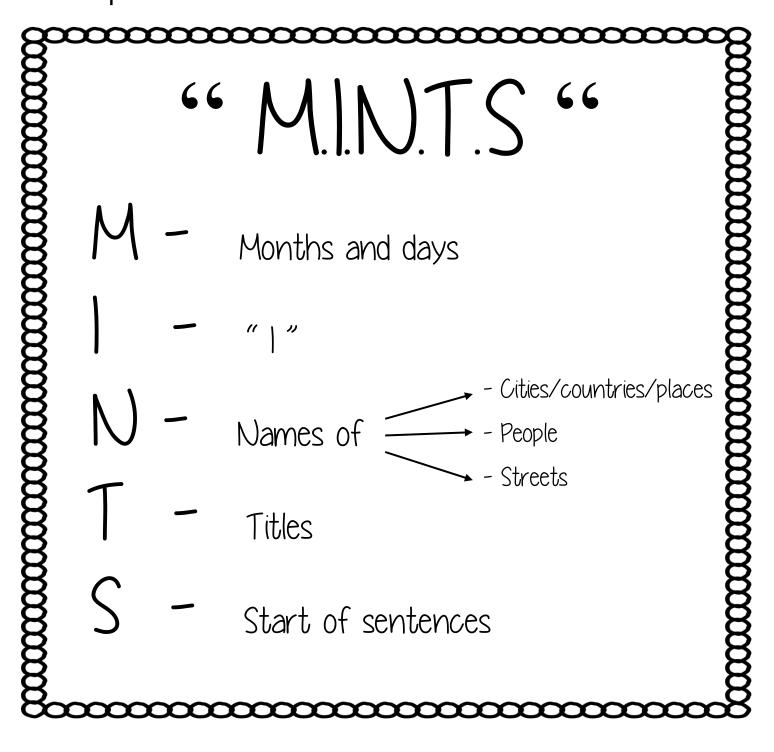




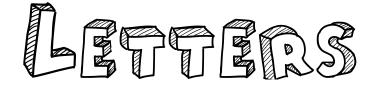




Easy way to remember when to use capital letters:







- 1. The beginning of a sentence:
 - . We are going on vacation.
 - . My grandparents are very old.

2. Names and surnames of people:

- . John Smith is a very sweet boy.
- . Anne and Grace are friends.
- · Teacher Lucy Baker is a very good teacher.

3. Names of animals:

- We get fresh milk from Daisy the cow.
- · Snowy is a beautiful white cat.
- . Peter has a dog with the name Lassy.

4. Days of the week:

• On Friday we are writing a test.

5. Months of the year:

• My birthday is in February.

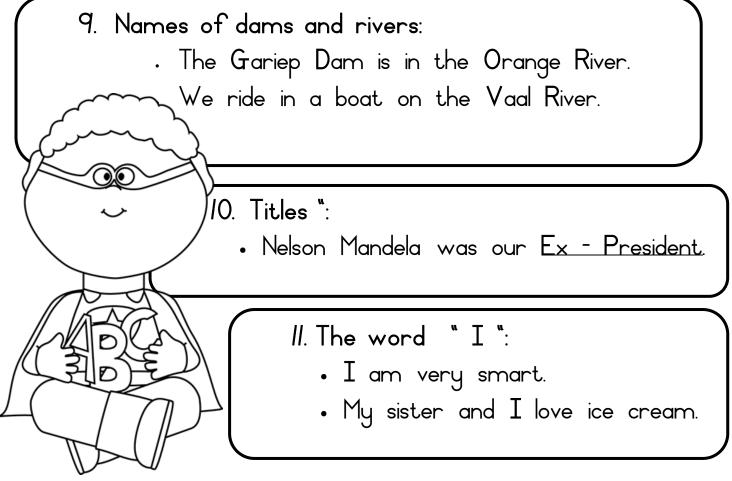
6. Names of cities, countries or places:

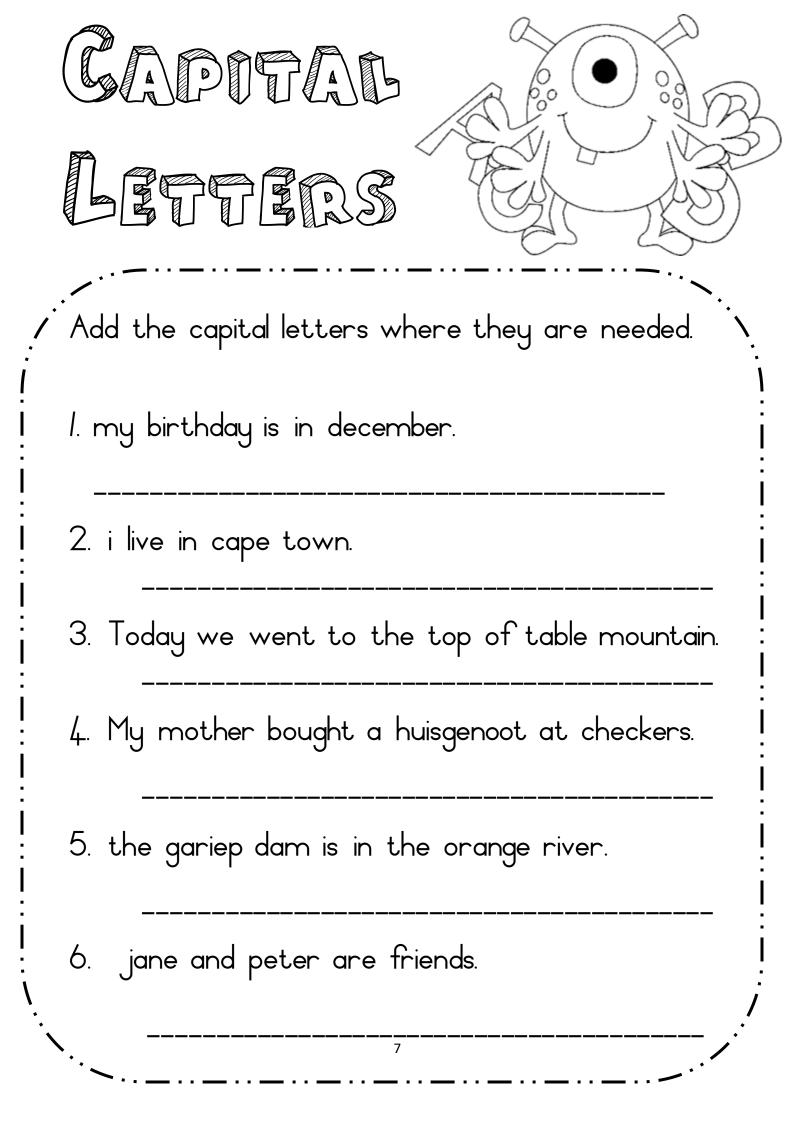
- I live in South Africa.
- . Today we went to the top of Table Mountain.
- . I live in Bloemfontein in the Free State.

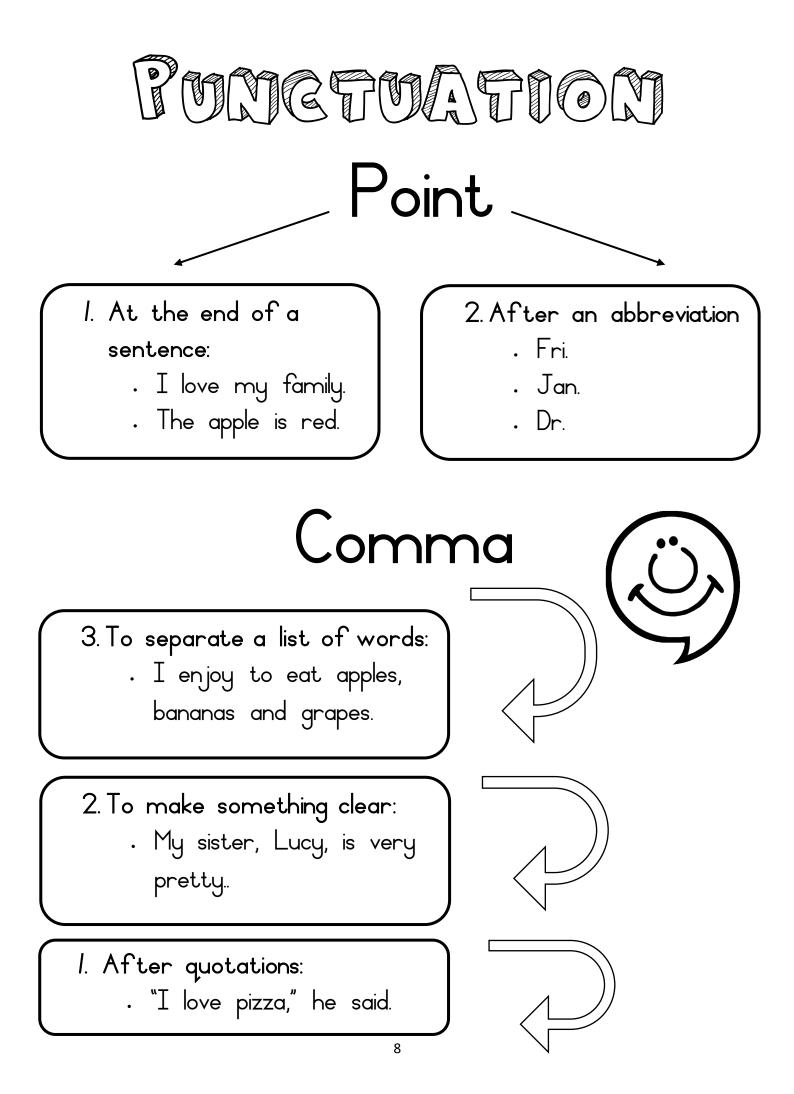
7. Names of magazines, newspapers and shops:

- My dad bought a Huisgenoot at Checkers.
- My sister bought a Rooi Rose at Pick 'n Pay.

8. Names of streets:We live in Gumtree Street.







Exclamation Mark

Use an Exclamation mark at the end of a sentence when you are excited or angry or when you are shouting.

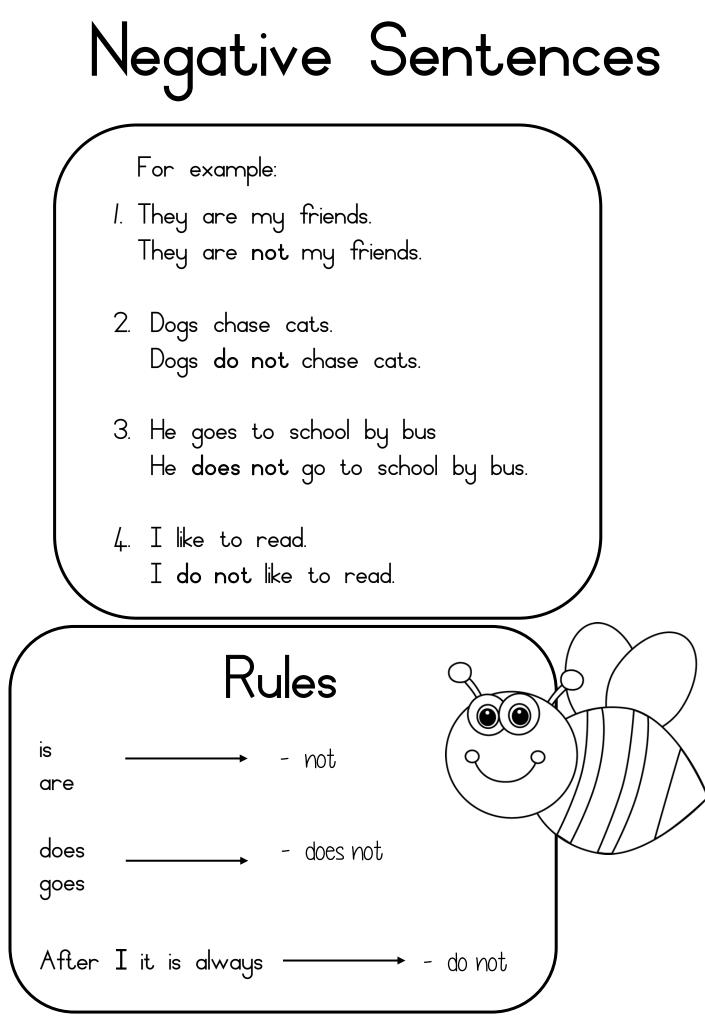
- 1. Ouch! That hurts.
- 2. Please help me!
- 3. You make me so angry!

Question Mark

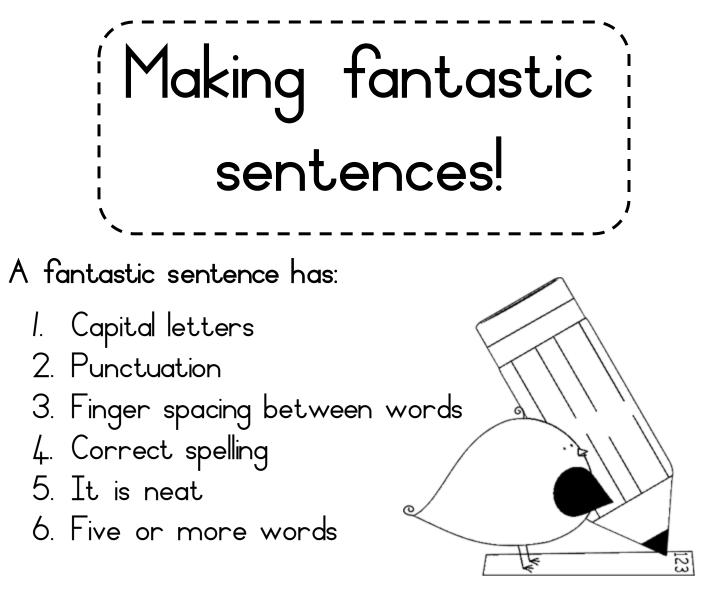
A question mark is used at the end of a sentence when you ask a question:

- I. Can you help me?
- 2. Do you know where my book is?
- 3. When are we leaving for church?
- 4. Who are you?
- 5. Where are we going?
- 6. Why are you so naughty?
- 7. Are you my friend?

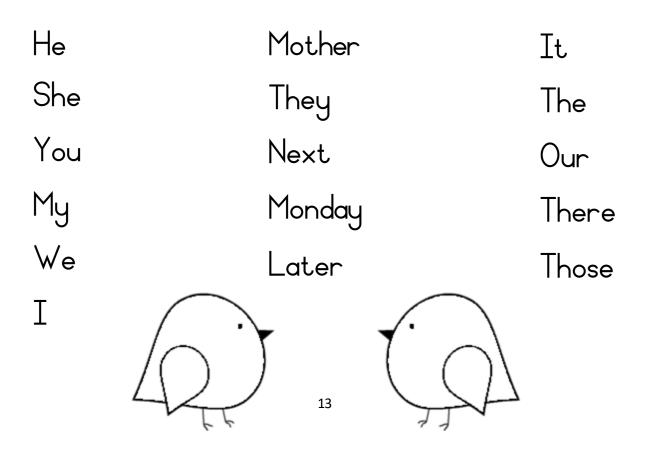
Punctuation Peter the pirate needs help putting the correct punctuation at the end of each sentence. Help him by using a comma (,), full stop (.), •exclamation mark (!) or question mark (?) at the end of each sentence. I. When are we going on vacation ___ 2. Ouch ___ The spider bit me ___ 3. We had sandwiches for lunch ___ 4. May I have a drink of water 5. It is sunny outside ___ 6. Go away ___ 7. Where is the hospital 8. The apple is red ___

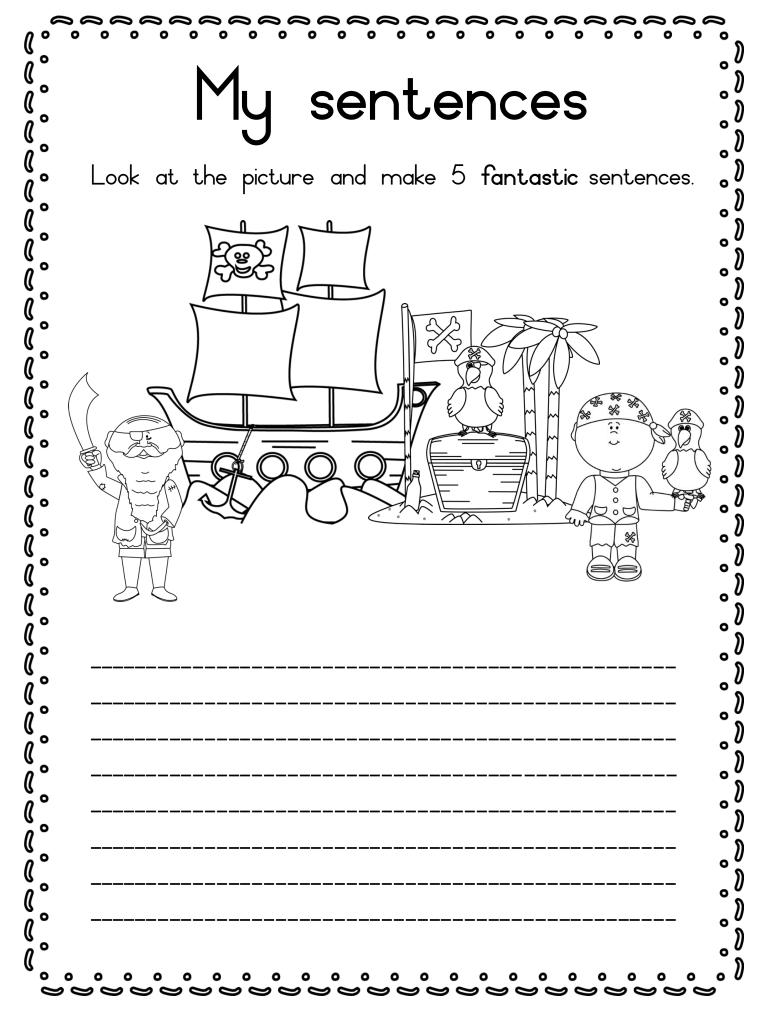


Negative Sentences
Change the following sentences into
negative sentences:
I. I have a blue dress.
2. The girl goes to school every morning.
3. You are my friend.
4. She is excited for the party
5. I like to eat candy.
6. The boy does his homework.



A fantastic sentence begins with:





Nouns

A noun is something you can see or touch.

We get different types of nouns:

Person	Place	Animal	Thing
girl boy	school	dog	book
Morn Dad	home	frog	table
Grandma	playground	cow	shoe
Grandpa	zoo	giraffe	pencil
Mrs. Smith	kitchen	•	' chair
Ann Ben			

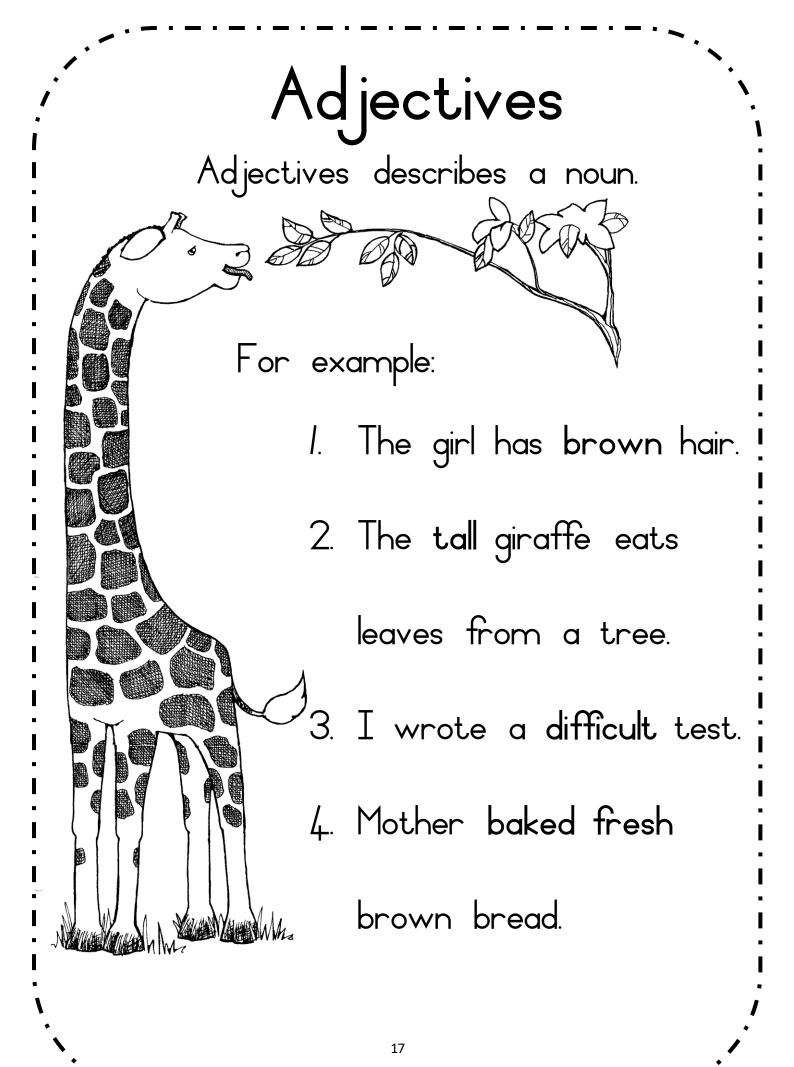
For example:

- 1. The frog hops on the ground.
- 2. The girl eats an apple.
- 3. My mom is in the kitchen.

Nouns

Draw a circle around the noun in the sentence.

I. I sit on a green chair. 2. The frog lives in the river $\stackrel{\circ}{>}$ 3. The boy eats an apple. 4. I love my grandma and grandpa. 5. Jane is my friend. 6. The bicycle is blue. 7. The giraffe has a very long neck. 8. The cow eats the green grass. 0 $\left\{ \right\}$ 16



Adjectives

Draw a circle around the adjective in the sentence.

I. I sit on a green chair.

2. Mother eats a juicy red apple.

3. My favorite blue shoe is missing.

4. I wrote a difficult test.

- 5. Jane is my beautiful friend.
- 6. The red car is very fast.

7. The giraffe has a very long neck.

8. The cow eats the green grass.

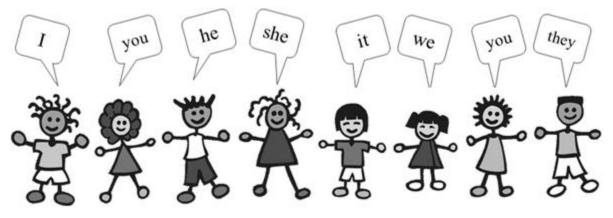
9. The boy has curly hair.



, , !	Verbs
Use	the verbs below and make your own sentence.
Ι.	Walk
2.	Dance
З.	Sing
4.	Hide
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	20

Pronouns

A pronoun is a word that replaces a name or an object



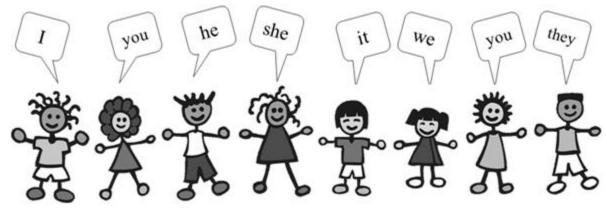
For example:

- 6. I am 9 years old.
- 7. She laughed at him.
- 8. You are very smart.
- 9. We are going to the zoo.

10. They are eating an ice cream.

Pronouns

Fill in the missing pronouns



1. ____ am 10 years old.

- 2. ____ are my best friend.
- 3. ____ are going to the zoo.
- 4. ____ is a sunny day.
- 5. ____ is a naughty boy.
- 6. ____ wears a pretty dress.

Rhyming words Words that rhyme sounds the same

I'm a little penguin in the snow. I slide on my tummy to and fro.

I eat fish from the deep blue sea. I'm black and white as you can see.

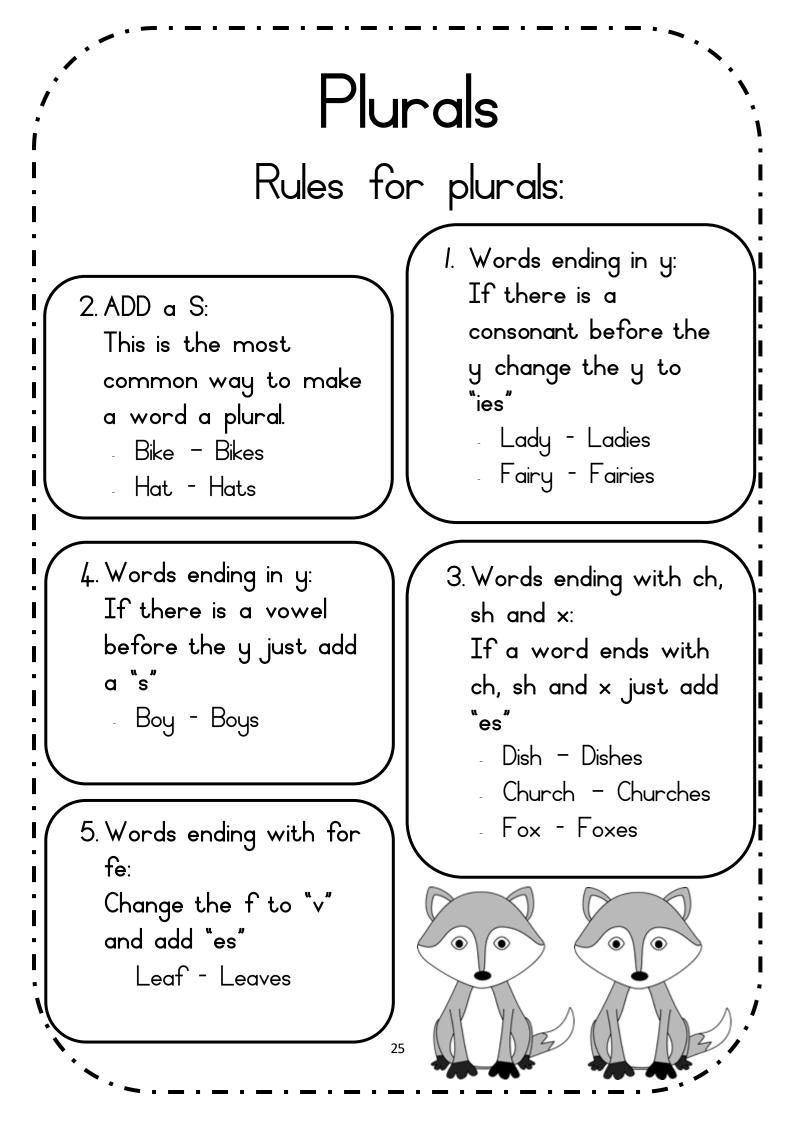
Rhyming words

Circle the word in each box that does not rhyme with the other words.

bat	cat	hat	hit	ma	t bit
snow	blow	grow	gre	ew t	hrow
red	bed	saic	l fe	ed	rod
9	lass n	nash (class	gras	S
	dog	frog	bag	dig	

Write your own word which rhymes with the following:

boy		jar	
man	k	pook	



Plurals

Write the plurals of the following words:

Ι.	Car	
2.	Church	
З.	Dog	
4.	Fish	
5.	Peach	
6.	Fox	
7.	Bush	
8.	Fly	
q .	Тоу	
	Converses	Canting Canting

Opposites - Gender

Mother	Father
Girl	Boy
Sister	Brother
Woman	Man
Niece	Nephew
Grandma	Grandpa
turber and the second s	

· · ·	ynonym	
	h the same happy - joyful	U
gift - present	small - tiny	tired - sleepy
big - large woman - lady	start - begin rich - wealthy	sick - ill bring - carry

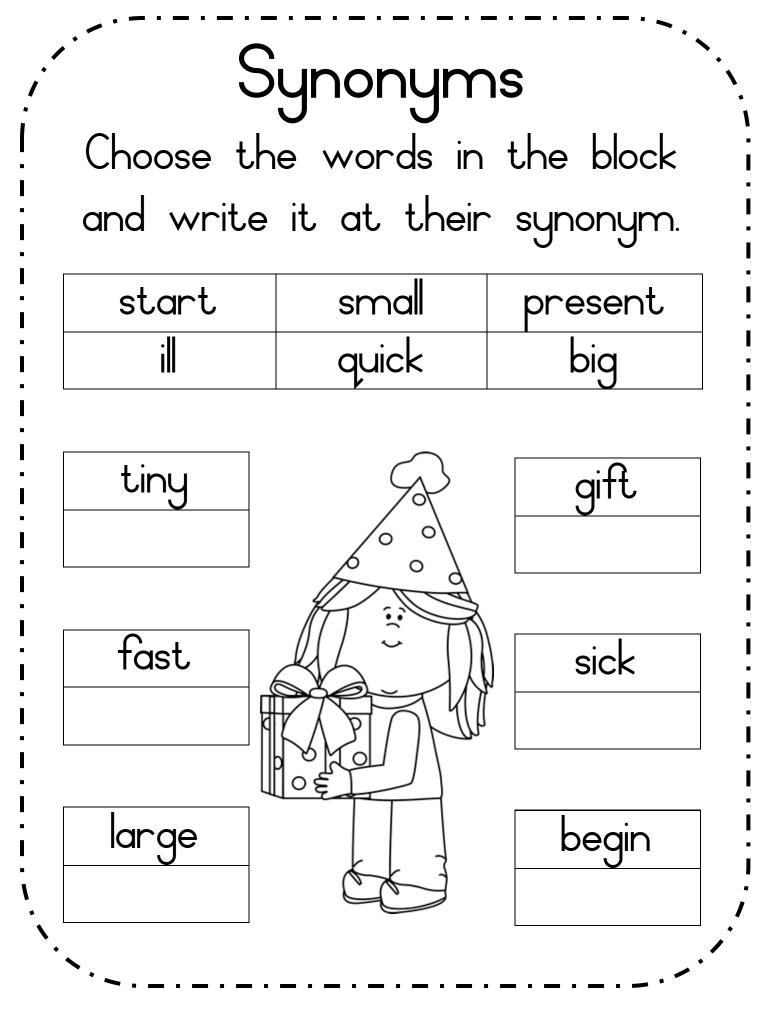
Antonyms

Words with the opposite meaning

loud - soft	Older – younger	hot - cold
quick - slow	early - late	happy - sad
front - back	big – small	rich - poor
last - first	full - empty	dirty - clean
wet - dry	light - dark	soft - hard

28

🖌 quick



Antonyms Change the underlined word to its antonym. older first empty cold hard slow early I. It is very hot today. _____ 2. The rabbit runs very fast. _____ 3. My glass is full. _____ 4. My brother is younger than me. ____ 5. I came last in the race. ____ 6. The pillow feels soft. ____ 7. I am late for school. _____

Past Tense

We use the past tense to talk about something which happened in the past.

We ADD an "ed" after the word

For example:

- The children walk in the street.
 The children walked in the street.
- 2. I chase the ball across the road. I chased the ball across the road.

Present Tense The present tense is what is happening NOW.

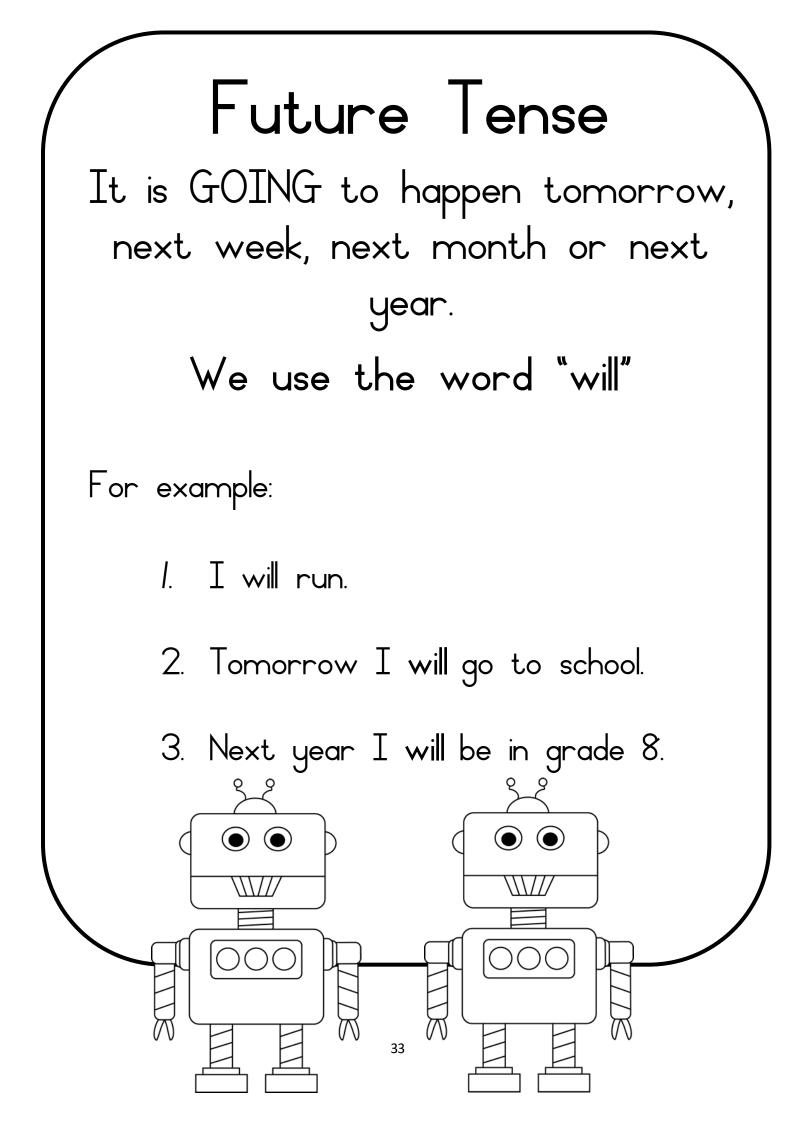
For example:

I. I read a book.

2. The children walk in the road.

3. I am eating an apple.

4. Mom is baking a cake.



Tenses Write the following sentences in the past tense David and John kick the ball. Ι. 2. It snows in Lesotho. 3. The girl paints a picture. Write the following sentences in the future tense 1. We read a book. 2. They walk in row. 3. I ride my blue bicycle.

Abbreviations 3. Days of the week: Monday - Ma. Tuesday - Tues. I. Other: Wednesday - Wed. Doctor - Dr. Thursday _ Thurs. Street - St. Friday _ Fri. Mister - Mr. Saturday - Sat. Junior - Jr. Sunday - Sun. Senior - Sr. Minute - min. Seconds - sec. 2. Months of the Hour - hr. Year - yr. year: January – Jan. February - Feb. March - Mar. April - Apr. June - Jun. July - Jul. D August - Aug. September - Sept. October - Oct. November - Nov December - Dec.

Abbreviations

Use the abbreviations in the box and write the correct one on the line.

Tues.	St.	Jr.
Dr.	Dec.	Fri.
Mr.	Sun.	Jan.
min.	Oct.	Nov.

Doctor	Junior
Sunday	Tuesday
Street	
December	January
Friday	minute
Mister	October &
	36

